



EFFICIENT APPLIANCES PROCUREMENT POLICY FOR GOVERNMENT ENTITIES



EFFECTIVE DATE: 01/01/2026



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Changes History Sheet

DOC. CHANGE REQUEST NO. & DATE	PAGE NO.	SUMMARY OF CHANGE	NEW EFFECTIVE DATE



1. Introduction

1.1 Context

- 1.1.1 The Department of Energy (“**DoE**”) is established pursuant to Abu Dhabi Law No. (11) of 2018 as a policymaking and regulatory entity for the energy sector in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi (“**Abu Dhabi**”). The DoE’s mandate includes enacting policies and regulations and developing strategies to enable an effective energy transition to ensure the Abu Dhabi sustainable growth while protecting consumers and the environment.
- 1.1.2 The Abu Dhabi Energy and Water Efficiency Strategy 2030 (“**Strategy**”) was introduced by the DoE in 2019 aiming to achieve electricity and water savings in the government, residential, commercial, agricultural, transport and industrial sectors.
- 1.1.3 The Strategy includes an Efficient Appliances Program that aims at improving the efficiency of procured equipment and appliances through policies and regulations. The development of the Efficient Appliances Procurement Policy for Government Entities (“**Policy**”) is a core enabling initiative of the Efficient Appliances Program.
- 1.1.4 Efficient appliances procurement policies (EAPPs) set energy and/or water efficiency thresholds applicable to Abu Dhabi Government Entities when procuring certain energy and/or water consuming appliances.
- 1.1.5 In jurisdictions with existing energy and water efficiency standardization and labelling schemes, the EAPPs are usually set through a “label-based” policy setting model. A label-based EAPP is where a target grade or star rating based on an energy efficiency and water efficiency labelling scheme is set as a criterion for procurement of appliances.
- 1.1.6 In the UAE, the relevant energy and water efficiency standardization and labelling schemes are:
 - (a) The UAE Energy Efficiency Standardization and Labelling Program (“**EESL**”) issued by the Emirates Authority for Standardization and



Metrology (“**ESMA**”), which was subsequently integrated into the Ministry of Industry and Advanced Technology (“**MolAT**”), has been implemented since 2011. The EESL deals with energy efficiency requirements and labels for a list of regulated products outlined in Annex A. This includes regulated lighting products in accordance with UAE Cabinet Resolution No. (34) of 2013 related to the Emirates Scheme for Lighting Products, which establishes mandatory requirements for the energy efficiency, safety, and performance of indoor and outdoor lighting products placed on the UAE market.

(b) The UAE Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures program (“**GLSW**”) issued by ESMA, which was subsequently integrated into the MolAT, has been implemented since 2014 and deals with water efficiency requirements and labels for a list of regulated water fixtures outlined in Annex A.

1.1.7 The Policy complements, and does not supersede, the federal regulations issued by the MolAT. While MolAT’s EESL and GLSW set the regulatory minimum for energy and water efficiency, the Policy establishes enhanced thresholds specifically for Abu Dhabi Government Entities, raising the bar for sustainability.

1.1.8 The introduction of the Policy plays a contributing role in meeting UAE and Abu Dhabi strategic targets, namely:

(a) The Strategy target of 22% reduction in electricity consumption, equivalent to 19 terawatt-hours (TWh), and 32% reduction in water consumption, equivalent to 485 million cubic metres (m³), by 2030 as compared to a 2013 business-as-usual (BAU) consumption baseline.

(b) The UAE’s Net Zero Pathway 2050 set a net zero greenhouse gas (“**GHG**”) emissions target by 2050, as well as an interim target of 18% emissions reduction by 2030, and a 60% reduction by 2040.

(c) Support the implementation of the Energy Efficiency Policy for Government Entities which was made effective by the DoE in 2021.



1.2 Purpose

The Policy is developed in order to achieve the following objectives:

- 1.2.1 Support the achievement of Abu Dhabi and the UAE's energy and climate strategies, including the Strategy and the UAE's interim and 2050 Net Zero targets.
- 1.2.2 Achieve energy and water savings for Abu Dhabi Government Entities, resulting in associated lifecycle cost & GHG emissions reductions.
- 1.2.3 Demonstrate Government leadership through setting the example for efficient appliances procurement, therefore resulting in spill-over effects on the private and residential sectors encouraging the prioritization of efficiency in appliances purchasing.
- 1.2.4 Transform the Abu Dhabi appliances market as government entities represent a large consumer share of the appliances market. The Policy sends signals to manufacturers and importers to increase the market supply of higher efficiency models.

1.3 Implementation Scope

The scope of Policy is the following:

- 1.3.1 Establishes the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds of specified appliances and water fixtures that are procured by Abu Dhabi Government Entities.
- 1.3.2 Defines the applicable appliances and water fixture procurement activities.
- 1.3.3 Establishes the mechanism(s) used for reporting and monitoring compliance.
- 1.3.4 Defines the roles and responsibilities of all relevant stakeholders.

1.4 Responsibility for Implementation

- 1.4.1 This Policy shall apply to the relevant Abu Dhabi Government Entities.



1.5 Analysis Undertaken

- 1.5.1 To assess the suitability of the Policy for implementation in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi, a current state assessment examining current appliance procurement practices, habits and processes within Abu Dhabi Government Entities was undertaken.
- 1.5.2 The current state assessment was supplemented by benchmarking relevant and comparable international jurisdictions with existing EAPPs. The exercise assessed different EAPP policy setting models, policy applicability criteria as well as policy implementation, monitoring and compliance practices.
- 1.5.3 The insights from the current state assessment and international benchmarking were used to make informed policy design choices that are tailored to the Abu Dhabi context.
- 1.5.4 The assessment explored the cost-effectiveness of the Policy to understand the impact on Abu Dhabi Government Entities as a result of Policy implementation. The results indicated that there is an overall positive return for Abu Dhabi Government Entities despite an increase in the initial cost of the appliances and water fixtures as a result of the Policy.

1.6 References

- 1.6.1 This Policy is established by the DoE pursuant to:
 - (a) Law No. (11) of 2018 concerning the Establishment of the Department of Energy, and in particular:
 - (i) Article 4.1 related to the Strategy and implementation of plans for the Abu Dhabi energy sector; and
 - (ii) Article 4.4 related to the regulation of the energy sector through development of policies and regulations.
 - (b) Chairman of the Executive Council Resolution No. (26) of 2018 concerning Additional Competencies of the Department of Energy;



- (c) Executive Council Executive Committee Decision No. 2019/2/007/04 concerning Abu Dhabi Demand Side Management & Energy Rationalization Strategy 2030;
- (d) Chairman of the Department of Energy Decision No. 24 of 2024 concerning Abu Dhabi Demand Side Management & Energy Rationalization Strategy 2030 Update;
- (e) DoE Energy Efficiency Policy for Government Entities (Document DoE/ED/G05/003);
- (f) UAE Cabinet Resolution No (34) of 2013 concerning the UAE Regulation for Lighting Products.
- (g) The UAE standards series of UAE.S 5010: Labelling – Energy Efficiency Label for Electrical Appliances;
- (h) UAE Cabinet Resolution No. (43) of 2014 concerning the UAE Green Labelling Scheme For Water Fixtures;

1.7 Distribution

- 1.7.1 The approved version of this Policy will be distributed to the relevant Abu Dhabi Government Entities.



2. Definitions

For the purposes of this Policy, the following definitions apply:

- **Abu Dhabi Government Entities:** local government entities included in the initial focused consultation group for the Efficient Appliances Procurement Policy for Government Entities, and which, in future phases beyond the grace period, may extend to any local government entity reporting to the Government of Abu Dhabi that possesses full legal capacity to act, manage a public facility, or provide a public service.
- **Appliance:** means a device or piece of equipment typically found in Abu Dhabi Government Entity offices that consumes electricity and/or water.
- **Coefficient of Performance (COP):** is defined as the ratio of useful heating or cooling provided to the work required.
- **Cooling Seasonal Performance Factor (CSPF):** is defined as the rating of air conditioners as per the ISO 16358 -1 Amendment 1 for T3 hot climate zones.
- **Department of Energy (DoE):** is a government entity established pursuant to Law No (11) of 2018 concerning the Establishment of the Department of Energy in Abu Dhabi.
- **Energy and Water Efficiency Program:** means the planning, implementing, and monitoring of initiatives which are designed to reduce electricity and/or water consumption.
- **Abu Dhabi Energy and Water Efficiency Strategy 2030:** is a strategy approved by Executive Council Executive Committee Decision No. 2019/2/007/04 and updated by Chairman of the Department of Energy Decision No. 24 of 2024.
- **Emirates Conformity Assessment Scheme (ECAS):** prescribes requirements for quality and safety for regulated products including Electrical, Electronic, Building and Construction, and Food designated for consumer use.



- **Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER):** is defined as the ratio of the total cooling capacity to the effective power input for an air conditioning unit.
- **Energy Efficiency Standardization and Labelling Program (EESL):** is defined in Article 1.1.6.a of this Policy.
- **Effective Date:** means the date the Policy is issued.
- **Energy/ Water Efficiency Value:** means the value associated with the energy or water efficiency of an appliance or water fixture and is associated with a specific star rating or water efficiency label as per the UAE EESL and GLSW.
- **Greenhouse Gases (GHGs):** Gases in the atmosphere that absorb and trap heat, driving the greenhouse effect and contributing to global warming and climate change. Key GHGs include, but are not limited to, carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), and fluorinated gases.
- **Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures (GLSW):** is defined in Article 1.1.6.b of this Policy.
- **Integrated Part-Load Value (IPLV):** is defined as the part-load efficiency for air-conditioning and heat pump equipment on the basis of weighted operation at various load capacities for the equipment.
- **Label:** means the UAE EESL or GLSW energy or water efficiency label which provides an indication of the energy or water efficiency of an Appliance or Water Fixture.
- **Minimum Efficiency Performance Standards (MEPS):** means the minimum efficiency performance standards for import of appliances and water fixtures set out by the UAE EESL and GLSW.
- **Policy:** means the Efficient Appliances Procurement Policy for Government Entities.
- **Water Fixture:** means an exchangeable device which can be connected to a plumbing system to deliver and drain water.



3. Policy

3.1 Applicability

- 3.1.1 This Policy covers the procurement of all appliances and water fixtures that are currently listed or that may be added in the future under the UAE EESL and GLSW. Appliances and water fixtures covered by the UAE EESL and GLSW as of the issuance of this Policy are outlined in Annex A.
- 3.1.2 This Policy mandates that Abu Dhabi Government Entities must procure appliances and water fixtures that meet or exceed the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds outlined in [Section 3.2](#) of this Policy.
- 3.1.3 This Policy applies to all types of appliance and water fixture procurement activities that are directly led by Abu Dhabi Government Entities, irrespective of any future transfer of ownership to other parties, including but not limited to:
 - (a) New Procurement: This includes procurement installation of new appliance and water fixtures for new and/or existing buildings, or expansion of existing buildings.
 - (b) Early Retirement Procurement: This includes any replacements or upgrades of existing appliances and water fixtures that have not reached their end-of-life.
 - (c) End-of-Life Replacement Procurement: This includes replacement of appliances and water fixtures that have reached their end-of-life.
- 3.1.4 This Policy also applies to all types of appliances and water fixture procurement activities listed in sub-clause 3.1.3 that are carried out by agents, contractors, or subcontractors on behalf of Abu Dhabi Government Entities.
- 3.1.5 This Policy shall come into effect on the "Effective Date" and shall remain in effect until otherwise updated or revoked by the DoE.
- 3.1.6 Abu Dhabi Government Entities are expected to comply with the requirements set in this Policy 12 months following the "Effective Date". During this grace period, entities must prepare for full compliance, including attending training for



relevant procurement staff and adjusting technical procurement evaluation criteria for applicable tenders in accordance with the requirements of this Policy.

3.1.7 The DoE will evaluate the feedback and results from the grace period implementation. Based on this evaluation, the DoE may extend the applicability of this Policy to additional Abu Dhabi Government Entities as required.

3.2 Minimum Energy and Water Efficiency Procurement Thresholds

3.2.1 All appliances covered by the UAE EESL, with the exception of Commercial and Central Air Conditioners (equipment covered by UAE.S 5010 – 5), must have an EESL label indicating a minimum star rating of **4 stars** to be eligible for procurement by Abu Dhabi Government Entities.

3.2.2 All Commercial and Central Air Conditioners covered by the UAE EESL (equipment covered by UAE.S 5010 – 5) must have an energy efficiency value (EER, COP, IPLV or CSPF) exceeding the minimum energy efficiency performance standards (MEPS) set by the latest UAE.S 5010 – 5 document for their given technology type and capacity bracket by at least **5%** to be eligible for procurement by Abu Dhabi Government Entities.

3.2.3 All water fixtures covered by the UAE GLSW program must have a GLSW minimum star rating of **4 stars** to be eligible for procurement by Abu Dhabi Government Entities.

3.2.4 The minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds set in sub-clauses 3.2.1 to 3.2.3 alongside applicable UAE regulations as of the issuance of this Policy are outlined in Annex A.

3.2.5 All newly added appliances and water fixtures to the UAE EESL and GLSW shall assume the corresponding minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds defined in [Section 3.2](#) of this Policy.

3.2.6 The UAE EESL and GLSW undergo regular updates pertaining to the underlying energy and/or water efficiency values for a given star rating, MEPS, or water fixture label.



3.2.7 The DoE will continuously monitor the impact and suitability of the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds set in [Section 3.2](#) and may update them as necessary.

3.3 Policy Compliance and Monitoring

3.3.1 Tender documentation including tender Scope of Work or Technical Requirements section must explicitly incorporate [Section 3.2](#) requirements at every relevant stage of the procurement process.

3.3.2 All Abu Dhabi Government Entities shall incorporate the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds as per [Section 3.2](#) into their technical tender evaluation criteria.

3.3.3 Abu Dhabi Government Entities must verify compliance with [Section 3.2](#) criteria as part of the technical scoring of the tender evaluation.

3.3.4 The technical scoring must differentiate based on the efficiency rating of the product.

3.3.5 Abu Dhabi Government Entities shall assign a minimum of fifteen per cent (15%) of the technical evaluation score to the efficiency criterion. Full points are awarded for the highest efficiency levels (i.e. a 5-star), while a technical proposal that only meets the minimum threshold (i.e. 4-star) would receive half the points for the efficiency criterion. This ensures that efficiency is a material factor in tender award decisions while allowing entities to balance other technical requirements.

3.3.6 For Commercial and Central Air Conditioners covered by the UAE EESL (equipment covered by UAE.S 5010 – 5), full points are awarded for achieving the minimum energy efficiency threshold set in Table 4.

3.3.7 Abu Dhabi Government Entities must report all appliance and water fixture procurement activity that are subject to this Policy twice a year to the DoE using the template provided in Annex B.



- 3.3.8 The first annual report is to be submitted to the DoE by the 1st of April, and the second annual report submission is due by the 1st of October.
- 3.3.9 Annual reviews of Abu Dhabi Government entity appliance and water fixture procurement activities will be conducted to assess compliance with the Policy and identify areas for improvement.
- 3.3.10 The DoE reserves the right to undertake compliance enforcement measures for repeat non-compliance with Policy requirements. Measures may include:
 - (a) Issuance of a request for an improvement plan
 - (b) Issuance of formal written warnings highlighting areas of non-compliance and/or;
 - (c) Mandating additional training for entity procurement officers pertaining to the requirements of this Policy.

3.4 Exceptions Framework

- 3.4.1 To support effective and practical implementation of the Policy, Abu Dhabi Government Entities may apply exceptions to the requirements in [Section 3.2](#) where specific constraints prevent full compliance. These exceptions are self-managed by Abu Dhabi Government Entities and do not require formal approval from the DoE.

3.4.2 Acceptable constraints exceptions include:

- (a) Product Availability: Where Policy-compliant product models are unavailable in the market (e.g. only 1-star, 2-star and 3-star models are available).
- (b) Infrastructure Compatibility: Where available Policy-compliant models are technically incompatible with existing infrastructure, or do not meet minimum functional or performance specifications required by the Abu Dhabi Government entity.
- (c) Cost: Where Policy-compliant models impose an unreasonable cost premium compared to standard alternatives, such that the cost



differential cannot be justified within the project budget. In such cases, the exception must be supported by a quantified comparison demonstrating the cost differential between the Policy-compliant model and the best available efficiency level within the range of available models in the market.

- (d) **Urgency:** In emergency or urgent situations where procuring efficient products would exceed acceptable timeframes for delivery or operational continuity.
- (e) **Leased Premises:** Where replacement of existing appliances or water fixtures in leased premises is restricted by lease terms and conditions.
- (f) **Short-Term Use:** For temporary or short-term projects where the benefits of higher efficiency do not justify the initial investment.
- (g) **Regulatory Conflicts:** Where procurement in line with the Policy would create conflicts with existing laws, regulations, or contractual obligations.

3.4.3 If an exception is being applied under [Section 3.4](#), the Abu Dhabi Government Entity shall adjust the technical scoring efficiency criteria to reflect the exception. In such cases, the efficiency scoring shall still favour the best available efficiency level within the available range.

3.4.4 Where an exception is applied, the entity must:

- (a) Record the justification in its internal procurement documentation.
- (b) Report the exception through the exception reporting template (Annex C template), clearly identifying the applied exception category, description of circumstances, justifications, and supporting evidence.
- (c) Where relevant, outline a plan for transitioning towards Policy-compliant procurement in future cycles (Annex C Template).

3.4.5 The DoE reserves the right to review reported exceptions across entities to monitor trends, identify systemic barriers, and propose policy adjustments to reduce reliance on exceptions over time.



3.5 Roles and Responsibilities

3.5.1 The DoE in its capacity as the Policy owner is responsible for the following:

- (a) Developing and periodically updating this Policy;
- (b) Administering the Policy and monitoring Abu Dhabi Government entity compliance;
- (c) Providing awareness training sessions to Abu Dhabi Government Entities on the Policy requirements
- (d) Assessing the savings impact of the Policy

3.5.2 Abu Dhabi Government Entities, in their role as appliance and water fixture purchasers, are responsible for the following:

- (a) Incorporating Policy-set requirements within internally adopted procurement policies and procedures. This may include incorporating Policy-set requirements within:
 - (i) Applicable category strategies;
 - (ii) Applicable sourcing strategies;
 - (iii) Sourcing evaluation criteria including technical specification engineering; and
 - (iv) Any other relevant strategies, policies or procedures affecting the procurement of appliances and water fixtures;
- (b) Purchasing appliances and water fixtures as per the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds specified in [Section 3.2](#) of this Policy;
- (c) Ensuring contracts with agents, contractors, or subcontractors that are involved in the procurement of appliances and water fixtures include clauses that mandate compliance with this Policy's minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds as specified in [Section 3.2](#) of this Policy;
- (d) Reporting their compliance with the Policy based on the cadence and method outlined in [Section 3.3](#) of this Policy;



- (e) Applying exceptions in the case of inability to comply with the Policy as outlined in [Section 3.4](#) of this Policy.
- (f) Engaging in training and awareness programs for relevant staff involved in the procurement process to ensure they understand the importance of energy and water efficiency, as well as how to effectively apply the Policy-set requirements in their procurement decisions.

3.6 Broader Sustainability Considerations

- 3.6.1 In addition to the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds set in [Section 3.2](#) of this Policy, Abu Dhabi Government Entities are encouraged to consider the following when procuring appliances and water fixtures:
 - (a) Prioritize products designed to facilitate easy recycling at the end of their life to reduce waste.
 - (b) Select products known for their durability and long lifespan to reduce the need for frequent replacements and associated waste.
 - (c) Engage with suppliers who demonstrate strong sustainability practices in their operations, including reduced environmental footprint.

3.7 Further Regulatory Developments and Periodic Assessment

- 3.7.1 The DoE reserves the right to request any information it deems necessary from stakeholders to monitor implementation and assess the overall effectiveness of this Policy.
- 3.7.2 The DoE will, in coordination with relevant stakeholders, review (as required) this Policy. The review will consider data submitted through the reporting template, market developments, and emerging technologies or practices.
- 3.7.3 Where appropriate, the DoE may make adjustments to ensure that the Policy remains effective, reflects evolving national and emirate-level priorities, and continues to achieve the intended energy and water efficiency objectives.



4. Implementation Plan

4.1 Implementation Steps and Timeline

The steps for the implementation of this Policy and major milestones for enforcement are outlined in Table 1.

Table 1. Policy Implementation Steps

Step	Description	Timeline
1	Policy Effective Date (i.e. commencement of grace period)	1-Jan-2026
2	Abu Dhabi Government Entities Provide Initial Policy Feedback & Data	1-Oct-2026
3	Policy Compliance Commencement Date	1-Jan-2027
4	Abu Dhabi Government Entities Submit First Report	1-April-2027
5	Abu Dhabi Government Entities Submit Second Report	1-Oct-2027
6	Review of Government Entity Policy Compliance	1-Jan-2028

For all subsequent years, steps 4, 5, and 6 outlined in Table 1 will be repeated.



5. Annexes

5.1 Annex A – UAE EESL and GLSW

Appliances covered by the UAE EESL as of the issuance of this Policy are outlined in Table 2.

Table 21. UAE EESL Covered Appliances

Appliance	Applicable UAE EESL	Latest Regulation Year
Non-Ducted Room Air Conditioners	UAE.S 5010-1	2019
Washing Machines and Dryers	UAE.S 5010-2	2018
Household Refrigerating Appliances	UAE.S 5010-3	2024
Electric Water Heaters	UAE.S 5010-4	2014
Commercial and Central Air Conditioners	UAE.S 5010-5	2019
Dish Washers	UAE.S 5010-6	2016
Rotodynamic Water Pumps	UAE.S 5010-7	2019
Televisions	UAE.S 5010-8	2018
Lighting Products	Cabinet Decision No (34) of Year 2013	2013

Water fixtures covered by the UAE GLSW as of the issuance of this Policy are outlined in Table 3.

Table 32. UAE GLSW Covered Water Fixtures

Appliance	Applicable UAE GLSW	Latest Regulation Year
Water Faucets	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures	2014
Showerheads	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures	2014
Toilets	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures	2014
Bidets	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures	2014
Urinal Flush	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures	2014
Ablution Spray	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures	2014



Table 4 summarizes the minimum energy and/or water efficiency thresholds set in sub-clauses 3.2.1 to 3.2.3 in [Section 3.2](#) alongside applicable UAE regulations as of the issuance of this Policy. Future additions to the UAE EESL and GLSW or revisions of the current regulation names supersede the applicable regulations column in Table 4.

Table 4. Energy and/or Water Efficiency Minimum Thresholds

Appliance or Water Fixture	Applicable UAE Regulations	Minimum Efficiency Threshold
UAE EESL-Covered Commercial and Central Air Conditioners	UAE.S 5010 – 5	5% higher energy efficiency value than the MEPS for a given type and cooling capacity
All Other UAE EESL-Covered Appliances	UAE.S 5010 –1 UAE.S 5010 –2 UAE.S 5010 –3 UAE.S 5010 –4 UAE.S 5010 –6 UAE.S 5010 –7 UAE.S 5010 –8 UAE.S 5010 –9 UAE.S 5010 –10 Lighting Products	Minimum 4 Star Rating
UAE GLSW-Covered Water Fixtures	Green Labelling Scheme for Water Fixtures – 2014	Minimum 4 Star Rating



5.2 Annex B – Efficient Appliances Procurement Policy Reporting Template

Reporting Entity	
Entity name:	
Name of main contact:	First Name & Last Name
Email:	xyz@abc.com
Telephone:	(971) 5XXXXXXXX

Reporting Period	
Report Submission Date:	DD/MM/YYYY
Reporting Period:	DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY

Appliance Name ¹	Tender No.	Product Code ²	Quantity	Unit Purchase Value (AED)	Label Rating ³	Procurement Activity Type ⁴	Purchase Date (MM/YYYY)

[1] Report each appliance or water fixture purchased separately.

[2] Include the product code for the appliance or water fixture purchased as per the category taxonomy defined in the Abu Dhabi Procurement Manual.

[3] Label rating refers to the star rating of the purchased appliance in the case of EESL covered appliances except commercial and central air conditioners where the appropriate energy efficiency value (EER, COP, IPLV, or CSPF) should be reported. For water fixtures, the GLSW label rating for each water fixture purchased should be reported.

[4] Report the procurement activity type (New, Early Retirement, or End-of-Life) as per the definitions made in [Section 3.1](#) of this Policy.



5.3 Annex C – Exception Reporting Template

Reporting Entity	
Entity name:	
Name of main contact:	First Name & Last Name
Email:	xyz@abc.com
Telephone:	(971) 5XXXXXXXX

Reporting Period	
Report Submission Date:	DD/MM/YYYY
Reporting Period:	DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY

Appliance Name	Tender No.	Exception Category ¹	Description of Circumstances	Quantified Cost Comparison ²	Justification Summary	Supporting Evidence (Attach)	Future Compliance Plan

[1] Report the exceptions category as per the definitions made in [Section 3.4](#) of this Policy.

[2] Applicable for the “Cost” exceptions category. To be left blank for other exception categories.